

INTERPRETING TROUGH LEVELS AND ADJUSTING DOSE

Trough level	Recommendation
below target range	decrease interval
above target range	decrease dose or increase interval

MONITORING

- Subsequent vancomycin trough levels:
 - with dosage change: trough should be repeated at new steady state
 - once target trough achieved: trough should be taken approximately every 7 days in hemodynamically stable patients
- patient's clinical response to vancomycin
- CBC at least weekly on long-term vancomycin therapy
- SCr at least twice a week initially, then at least weekly on long-term therapy
 - more frequent monitoring should be considered if
 - renal function changing
 - concurrent nephrotoxic drug
 - underlying renal dysfunction
 - age greater than 60

VANCOMYCIN ADULT DOSING GUIDELINES

NB Provincial Health Authorities
Anti-Infective Stewardship Committee
2017

INITIAL DOSE

Loading dose:

- **25-30 mg/kg IV**
 - based on actual body weight, for 1 dose, followed by maintenance dose separated by recommended dosing interval
 - consider capping the loading dose at a maximum of 3.5 g
 - loading doses do not need to be adjusted in patients with renal dysfunction; only maintenance dosing interval requires adjustment
- Consider using a loading dose in patients with:
 - severe infections where rapid attainment of target level of 15-20 mg/mL is desired
 - significant renal dysfunction in order to decrease the time required to attain steady state

Maintenance dose:

- **15-20 mg/kg IV**
 - based on actual body weight; maximum of 2g/dose for *initial* maintenance doses (prior to vancomycin levels)
 - doses greater than 500 mg – round to the nearest 250 mg
 - doses less than 500 mg – round to the nearest 50 mg

Dosing interval:

- Interval depends on patient's renal function and targeted serum vancomycin concentration (refer to tables on following page)



Target trough of 15 to 20 mg/L	
Creatinine Clearance	Dosing Interval
greater than 80 mL/min	q8h
40 to 80 mL/min	q12h
20 to 39 mL/min	q24h
10 to 19 mL/min	q48h
less than 10 mL/min	consider a loading dose, then adjust maintenance dose based on serial serum drug levels to target trough

Target trough of 10 to 15 mg/L	
Creatinine Clearance	Dosing Interval
greater than 80 mL/min	q12h
40 to 80 mL/min	q24h
20 to 39 mL/min	q36h
10 to 19 mL/min	q48h
less than 10 mL/min	consider a loading dose, then adjust maintenance dose based on serial serum drug levels to target trough

- Estimated creatinine clearance (CrCl) in mL/min

Women	Men
$CrCl = \frac{(140 - age) \times weight \text{ (in kg)}^\dagger}{SCr \text{ (in mcmmol/L)}}$	$CrCl = \frac{(140 - age) \times weight \text{ (in kg)}^\dagger \times 1.2}{SCr \text{ (in mcmmol/L)}}$
IBW = 45.5 kg + (0.92 x cm above 150 cm) or 45.5 kg + (2.3 x inches above 60")	IBW = 50 kg + (0.92 x cm above 150 cm) or 50 kg + (2.3 x inches above 60")
†Use ideal body weight unless it is 20% above ideal body weight (IBW), in such case use adjusted body weight. Adjusted body weight = 0.4 x (actual body weight – IBW) + IBW If actual weight is less than ideal body weight, use actual weight.	

LEVELS

Target serum concentrations:

Infection	Desired trough level
-All MRSA infections -Invasive and/or deep space infections, including but not limited to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o osteomyelitis o pneumonia o CNS infection o endocarditis o bacteremia o prosthetic joint infection 	15-20 mg/L
Uncomplicated skin and soft tissue infections Urinary tract infections	10-15 mg/L
vancomycin levels should always be maintained above 10 mg/L to avoid development of resistance	

- Levels are recommended in:
 - o patients who are severely ill and/or require target trough of 15-20 mg/L
 - o patients with anticipated therapy duration of 7 days or greater
 - o patients with impaired renal function (CrCl 50 mL/min or less) or unstable renal function
 - o patients on dialysis
 - o concomitant use of other nephrotoxic drugs
 - o patients with altered volume of distribution or clearance of vancomycin, including
 - morbidly obese patients
 - cystic fibrosis
 - burns more than 20% BSA
 - pregnancy
- Trough (pre) levels are taken within 30 minutes before a dose
- First trough level should be taken at steady state, typically
 - o **prior to 4th dose if q12h interval**
 - o **prior to the 5th dose if q8h interval**